

SAFETY DATA SHEET MAY 2016

File: CS3213 GSA 07-10 **Corrosion Inhibiting Sealant Premixed and Frozen**

Costing 1 CUENICAL DECELECT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Section -1. CHEMICAL PRO	DUCT AND COMPAN	Y IDENTIFICATION				
1.1. Product Identi	fier: CS-3213 Corrosio	on Inhibiting Sealant	-Pre-mixed and Froz	en		
- Product Name: Co	orrosion Inhibiting Se	alant / Premixed and	d Frozen			
- Product reference	e: CS-3213-Premixed	and Frozen				
1.2. Product Use:						
- Corrosion Inhibit	ing Sealant					
1.3. Manufacturer	's Name:		1.3.1 Supplier	s Name (if not manufa	acturer)	
CAGE Code: 14439						
Flamemaster Corp).					
Chem Seal Divisior	1					
13576 Desmond St	treet					
Pacoima, CA 91333	B – USA					
Technical Contact	:		1.4. Emergeno	y Telephone:		
Flamemaster	Corp.		Chemtrec – C	hemtrec International		
Tel: 818-890	Tel: 818-890-1401			800-424-9300 (North America)		
Fax: 818-890	Fax: 818-890-6001		703-527-3887 (Outside North America))			
<u>www.flame</u>	master.com_					
ecification:	STM 40-111-	112 / MIL-PRF-81	733	Pre-Mixed and Froz	en ALL	
NSN:	8030-01-333-4821	8030-01-333-3954	8030-01-387-1017	8030-01-363-6503		
	CS3213 B-2 6 O7	CS3213 B-2 2 5 O7	CS3213 B1/2 6O7	CS3213 C-24 6O7		

CS3213 B1/2 6OZ

CS3213 C-24 6OZ

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus. MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

Section -2. HAZARD (S) IDENTIFICATION

OSHA/HCS STATUS: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

CLASSIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE:

ASPIRATION HAZARD - (CATEGORY 1)
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (UNBORN CHILD) - Category 2
ACUTE TOXICITY,ORAL - CATEGORY 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (INHALATION) - CATEGORY 4
SKIN SENSITIZATION - CATEGORY 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-SINGLE EXPOSURE -CATEGORY 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-REPEAT EXPOSURE -CATEGORY 2
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY-CATEGORY 1B
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (FERTILITY) - CATEGORY 2
AQUATIC CHRONIC - CATEGORY 4

GHS LABEL REQUIREMENTS HAZARD PICTOGRAMS





SIGNAL WORD: DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED AND ENTERS AIRWAYS
HARMFUL BY INHALATION AND / OR SWALLOWING
CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION
CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION
SUSPECTED OF DAMAGING THE UNBORN CHILD
MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION
MAY CAUSE GENETIC DEFECTS
SUSPECTED OF DAMAGING FERTILITY
MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION
MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ORGANS THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE
SUSPECTED OF CAUSING CANCER
MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY
MAY CAUSE LONG LASTING HARMFUL EFFECTS TO AQUATIC LIFE

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus. MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

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The conditions of handling, storage, use and disposal are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. Page 2 of 16

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

- P101+P102+P103: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children.
- Read label before use
- P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames and hot surfaces-No Smoking
- P240:Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
- P261+P262+P263+P264:Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P270+P271+P273: Do not eat drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.
 Avoid release to the environment.
- P281+P280: Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/face protection
- P301+P310+P331: If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do not induce vomiting.
- P305+P351+P338+P315: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
- P304+P340+P314: If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell
- P342+P340+P315: If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
- P302+P352: If on skin (or in hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs seek medical attention
- P306+P361: If on clothing: Remove/ take off immediately all contaminated clothing
- P402+P403+P404: Store in a dry place. Store in a well ventilated space. Store in a closed container.
- P233+P234+P235: Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in original container. Keep cool.

SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL ELEMENTS:

Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of concentrations above recommended limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and could lead to unconsciousness or possibly death.

1-component mixtures: formaldehyde is released during the curing phase. Formaldehyde may cause irreversible effects, is irritating to the mucous membranes and may cause the skin to become sensitized.

Avoid any contact with skin or clothing and wash thoroughly after handling.

Emits toxic fumes when heated.

HAZARDS NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may dry skin and / or cause skin irritation.

Sanding and grinding dust may be harmful if inhaled. Sanding and grinding dust may form combustible concentrations in air.

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious

suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus.

MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

In the event of sanding, grinding, or abrading:

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Section -3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical family: Mixture of organic compounds

For the hazards of the composition, (SDS see Section 2).

GHS CLASSIFICATION:LIQUID POLYSULFIDE POLYMER // OSHA HAZARDS: TARGET ORGAN EFFECT,IRRITANT

EYE IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2)

Cas# N/A

% BY WEIGHT - <71%

SKIN IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2)

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-SINGLE EXPOSURE-(CATEGORY 3)

AQUATIC, CHRONIC (CATEGORY 3)

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FORMALDEHYDE, POLYMER WITH METHYLPHENOL AND PHENOL:

NOT A CLASSIFIED SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE BY GHS-US

2-BUTANONE CAS#78-93-3 % BY WEIGHT - <2% EC#201-159-0

OSHA HAZARDS: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TARGET ORGAN EFFECT, IRRITANT

TARGET ORGANS: CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

GHS CLASSIFICATION: 2-BUTANONE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS (CATEGORY 2) ACUTE TOXICITY, ORAL (CATEGORY 5) EYE IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2A)

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-SINGLE EXPOSURE (CATEGORY 3), CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

OTHER HAZARDS: REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SKIN DRYNESS AND CRACKING

GHS CLASSIFICATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS): TOLUENE

SKIN IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2),H315

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (CATEGORY 2), H361

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-SINGLE EXPOSURE-(CATEGORY 3), CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, H336

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-REPEATED EXPOSURE (CATEGORY 2),H373

ASPIRATION HAZARD (CATEGORY 1),H304 ACUTE AQUATIC TOXICITY (CATEGORY 2),H401

CALCIUM CARBONATE: CAS#72608-12-9 EC#207-439-9 <45% by weight

GHS CLASSIFICATION: CALCIUM CARBONATE

EYE DAMAGE (CATEGORY 1) SKIN IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2)

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-SINGLE EXPOSURE-(CATEGORY 3)

TITANIUM DIOXIDE CAS#13463-67-7 EC#236-675-5 <10% by weight

OSHA HAZARDS: CARCINOGEN

GHS CLASSIFICATION: TITANIUM DIOXIDE

SKIN IRRITATION: (CATEGORY 3) CARCINOGENICITY (CATEGORY 2)

CHEMICAL NAME: MANGANESE DIOXIDE CAS# 1313-13-9 EC# 215-202-6 <65% by weight

OSHA HAZARDS: TARGET ORGAN EFFECT, TOXIC BY INHALATION

TARGET ORGANS: NERVES, LUNGS

GHS CLASSIFICATION:

ACUTE TOXICITY, ORAL (CATEGORY 4) - H302

ACUTE TOXICITY, INHALATION (CATEGORY 4) - H332

CHEMICAL NAME: TERPHENYL, HYDROGENATED CAS# 61788-32-7 EC# 262-967-7 <50% by weight

AQUATIC CHRONIC (CATEGORY 4) - H413

CHEMICAL NAME: ZEOLITESCAS#1318-02-1

EC# 215-283-8 <15% by weight

NOT CLASSIFIED

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CHEMICAL NAME: MAGNESIUM CHROMATE

Cas# 13423-61-5

EC# 236-540-0

<40% by weight

ACUTE TOXICITY,ORAL (CATEGORY 3), H301

CARCINOGEN, (CATEGORY 1A) H350I

CARCINOGEN, (CATEGORY 1A) H350

SKIN CORROSIVE, (CATEGORY 1A) H314

EYE DAMAGE, (CATEGORY 1) H314

AQUATIC ACUTE, (CATEGORY 1) H400

AQUATIC CHRONIC, (CATEGORY 1) H410

CHEMICAL NAME: TERPHENYL

CAS# 26140-60-3

EC# 247-477-3

<10% by weight

AQUATIC ACUTE (CATEGORY 1) - H400

AQUATIC CHRONIC (CATEGORY 1) - H410

CHEMICAL NAME: 1,3 DIPHENYLGUANIDINE

CAS# 102-06-7

EC# 203-002-1

<3% by weight

ACUTE TOXICITY (CATEGORY 4) - H302

SKIN IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2) - H315

EYE IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2) - H319

REPRODUCTIVE (CATEGORY 2) - H361f (FERTILITY)

STOT-SINGLE EXPOSURE (CATEGORY 3) - H335

AQUATIC CHRONIC (CATEGORY 2) - H411

CHEMICAL NAME: BIS(PIPERIDINOTHIOCARBONYL) TETRASULFIDE

CAS# 120-54-7

EC# 204-406-0

<3% by weight

SKIN SENSITIVITY (CATEGORY 1) - H317

CHEMICAL NAME: POLYPHENYL, QUATER AND HIGHER

CAS# 68956-74-1

<10% by weight

Section -4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General: When in doubt or symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air, if breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration. Give nothing by mouth, seek immediate medical attention.

Eye contact: Remove any contact lenses if present and easy to do. Irrigate with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eye lids apart, and seek immediate medical attention.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleaners. Do NOT use aromatic solvents, thinners or petroleum products.

Ingestion: If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

May be fatal if swallowed or vomited and enters lungs and/or airways. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus.

MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

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Section -5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing agents

Recommended: Universal resistant foam, CO2, water, powder.

Agents to avoid: None known

Attention

Promptly remove all persons in the event of a fire from the fire area. If safe to do so, remove all containers from fire area as well.

Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a Health Hazard. Fire fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible auto-ignition and explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Do not weld, flame cut or expose to extreme heat or ignition sources, empty containers which have contained flammable products.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Never allow this material, any solutions, or any by-products, as well as any run-off, to come into contact with soil, waterways, wildlife habitats, drains, sewers, and / or the ocean. Avoid release into environment.

In case of inhalation of decomposition products released in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Exposed persons may need to be kept under medical surveillance for at least 48 hours.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS INCLUDE: CARBON DIOXIDE, CARBON MONOXIDE, HALOGENATED COMPOUNDS, METAL OXIDE / OXIDES, FORMALDEHYDE, SULFUR OXIDES, UNIDENTIFIED ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, NITROGEN OXIDES, OXIDES OF CARBON, NITROGEN, SULFUR DIOXIDE, TRACE HYDROGEN SULFIDE, TOXIC FUMES, SMOKE

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MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

Section -6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Eliminate sources of ignition, ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapors by using appropriate respiratory protective equipment. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 & 8.

Collect spill with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in a suitable container for disposal in accordance with local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Clean-up with a detergent/ water mix; avoid use of aromatic solvents. If the product enters drains or watercourses, inform authority with jurisdiction in accordance with state / local regulations.

Never allow this material, any solutions, or any by-products, as well as any run-off, to come into contact with soil, waterways, wildlife habitats, drains, sewers, and / or the ocean. Avoid release into environment.

Section -7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Handling:

No smoking, eating and drinking during handling. Wash hands and face before eating, drinking, or smoking.

Avoid exposure during pregnancy/while nursing.

Keep containers tightly closed. Prior to movement containers which are opened should be carefully resealed.

Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation in case of exposure to vapor and spray mist.

Handle and open containers with care to avoid spilling of contents. Never use pressure to empty; container is not a pressure vessel. Clean or discard contaminated clothing and shoes.

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Preparation may charge electrostatically; always use grounding/ bonding/ earthing leads when transferring contents of containers. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors should be electrically conductive. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapor in air, and avoid vapor concentration higher than the Occupational Exposure Limits.

Use in areas from which local sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment including lighting should be protected to the appropriate standard. Isolate from sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Non-sparking tools are recommended.

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MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

7.2 Storage:

Observe label precautions. Store between 32/F and 95/F (0/C and 35/C) in a dry, clean and well ventilated place, away from sources of heat, ignition, and direct sunlight. For flash points below 23 °C store in an area constructed to the appropriate standard

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Engineering measures:

Avoid the inhalation of vapors, spray mist and particulates. Achieve by local exhaust ventilation providing good general extraction as to keep air-borne concentration below the Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL).

If local / area ventilation is not sufficient to comply with OEL, suitable (NIOSH) respiratory protection to be provided. Always provide suitable (NIOSH) respiratory protection when sanding, grinding or otherwise abrading cured material.

8.2 Exposure limits

Work place exposure limits (8 hour)

Work place exposure limits (o nour)				
Substance	OSHA	ACGIH TWA		
2-BUTANONE (MEK) *	200 ppm	200 ppm		
ALIPHATIC POLYSULFIDE-POLYMER	Not known	Not known		
TOLUENE (Methylbenzene)*	200 ppm	20 ppm		
CALCIUM CARBONATE *	5 mg/m³ (RESPIRABLE FRACTION)	3 mg/m³ (RESPIRABLE FRACTION)		
CALCIUM CARBONATE *	15mg/m³ (TOTAL DUST)	10 mg/m³ (TOTAL DUST)		
TITANIUM DIOXIDE *	15mg/m³ (TOTAL DUST)	10 mg/m³ (TOTAL DUST)		
Manganese Dioxide *	TWA: 0.1mg/m³ (as Mn) 8 hours (Inhalable Fraction) ACGIH			
	TWA: 0.02mg/m³ (as Mn) 8 hou	rs (Respirable Fraction) ACGIH		
		CEIL: 5mg/m³ OSHA PEL		
Terphenyl, Hydrogenated *	TWA	: 4.9 mg/m³ 8 hours - ACGIH		
	TWA	A: 0.5 ppm 8 hours - ACGIH		
Zeolites *	TWA: 1mg/m³ 8 hours	(Respirable Fraction) - ACGIH		

Continued Next Page

Terphenyl *	C: 5	5mg/m³ - ACGIH
	C: 0.53	ppm - ACGIH
	CEIL: 9	mg/m³ - OSHA PEL
	CEIL:	1 ppm - OSHA PEL
Magnesium Chromate *	TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ (measured as Cr) 8 hour	s (Soluble) - ACGIH
	CEIL : 1 mg/10 m ³	OSHA PEL Z2
	TWA: 0.005mg/m³ (asCr)	8 hours - OSHA PEL
	* can be absorbed through skin	

8.3 Personal protection

All Personal Protective Equipment, including Respiratory Protection, used to control exposure to hazardous substances must be selected to meet the requirements of OSHA Regulations.

Respiratory protection:

Appropriate respiratory protection equipment should be selected according to the type of contaminants, following regulatory (OSHA / NIOSH) and manufacturers instructions including proper fitting of devices.

Hand protection:

For prolonged or repeated contact, recommend gloves type: polyvinyl alcohol, nitrile rubber, latex rubber (some people may exhibit sensitivity to Latex). Barrier creams may help to protect exposed areas of the skin. However, they should not be applied post exposure.

Eye protection:

Use safety glasses with side shields to protect against splashes. Face shields may also be worn.

Skin protection:

Protective clothing made of antistatic and fire resistant fibers. All parts of the body should be washed after contact. Use good hygiene and industrial practices, keep working clothes clean.

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus.

MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

• Physical state at: 68 º F (20 º C) Solid

• Flash point: 93 Deg. C--- 200 Deg. F Method: TCC

• Specific gravity at: 68 ° F (20 ° C) N/A

• Vapor Density: N/A

• Lower Explosive Limit-N/A

•Upper Explosive Limit- N/A

• Miscibility in water at 20 º C: INSOLUBLE

• VOC: N/A

• Ph : N/A

• % Volatile by volume: N/A

• Vapor pressure at: 68 ° F (20 ° C) N/A

• Color: GRAY COLOR

• Appearance: Paste

•Odor: POLYSULFIDE ODOR

• Boiling Point: N/A

• Material Supports Combustion: Yes

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see SDS section 7). In case of combustion, may produce hazardous decomposition products such as :

- Carbon Monoxide
- Sulfur Oxides
- Carbon Dioxide
- Formaldehyde
- Toxic Fumes

- Halogenated Compounds
- Oxides of Carbon, Nitrogen, Sulfur Dioxide, Trace Hydrogen Sulfide
- Metal Oxide / Oxides
- Smoke
- Unidentified Organic Compounds
- Nitrogen Oxides

In case of inhalation of decomposition products released in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Exposed persons may need to be kept under medical surveillance for at least 48 hours.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There are no data available on the preparation itself. See (SDS Sections 3 and 15) for details.

Exposure to component solvents vapors at concentrations in excess of the stated Occupational Exposure Limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms and signs of overexposure include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations, and in extreme cases loss of consciousness Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause Defatting of the skin resulting in non-allergic dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

The liquid splashed in the eyes causes serious eye irritation and damage.

Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. Ingestion causes reduced fetal weight, increased fetal deaths and skeletal malformations

Formaldehyde is released during curing.

ACUTE TOXICITY:

PRODUCT:	RESULT	SPECIES	DOSE	EXPOSURE
Butanone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11243 ppm	4 Hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 ORAL	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
Calcium Carbonate	LD50 ORAL	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 Hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8000 ppm	4 Hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 ORAL	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Titanium Dioxide	LD50 ORAL	Rat	>10g/kg	-
Manganese Dioxide	LD50 ORAL	Rat	3478 mg/kg	-
Terphenyl, Hydrogenated	LD50 ORAL	Rat	17500 mg/kg	-
Zeolites	LD50 ORAL	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Terphenyl	LD50 Oral	Rat	>1400 mg/kg	-
1, 3-Diphenylguanidine	LD50 Oral	Rat	323mg/kg	-

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Suspected of causing cancer. Risk depends on level and duration of exposure.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

CARCINOGENICITY:

INGREDIENT	IARC	OSHA	NTP	CAS#
TOLUENE :	3	-	-	108-88-3
TITANIUM DIOXIDE :	2B	-	-	13463-67-7
Magnesium Chromate	1	+	Known to be a	human carcinogen
Zeolites	3	-	-	

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-STOT (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

LIQUID POLYMER - CATEGORY 3

TOLUENE - CATEGORY 3

BUTANONE - Category 3

Magnesium Chromate - (Category 3)

1,3-Diphenylguanidine - (Category 3)

Zeolites - (Category 3)

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-STOT (REPEATED EXPOSURE)

TOLUENE - CATEGORY 2

Manganese Dioxide - (Category 2)

TARGET ORGANS: BRAIN, BLOOD, KIDNEYS, LUNGS, REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM, LIVER, HEART, PERIPHERAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT, UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT, SKIN, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, EYE, LENS AND/OR CORNEA.

ASPIRATION HAZARD:

TOLUENE - CATEGORY 1

Potential chronic health effects include the following:

May Be Fatal if Swallowed and Enters Airways

Suspected of Damaging the Unborn Child

Harmful by Inhalation and / or Swallowing

Causes Serious Eye Irritation

Causes Skin Irritation

May Cause An Allergic Skin Reaction

May Cause Genetic Defects

Suspected of Causing Cancer

Suspected of Damaging Fertility

May Cause Respiratory Irritation

May Cause Damage to Organs Through Prolonged or Repeated Exposure

This Product Causes Skin Irritation, Defatting of the Skin, and May Cause an Allergic Reaction.

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus.

MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There is no data available on the preparation itself. Do not allow the product to enter drains or water ways. See (SDS Sections 3 and 15)

Never allow this material, any solutions, or any by-products, as well as any run-off, to come into contact with soil, waterways, wildlife habitats, drains, sewers, and / or the ocean. Avoid release into environment.

Toxicity:

Product / Ingredient	Result	Species	Exposure	
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50>100mg/I Fresh Water	Daphnia	48 Hours	

Persistance and Degradability:

Product / Ingredient	Aquatic Half Life	Photolysis	Biodegradability	
Toluene	-	-	Readily	

Bioaccumulative Potential:

2.000000			
Product / Ingredient	LogP(ow)	BCF	Potential
Toluene	2.73	8.32	low
Butanone	.29	-	low
1,3 Diphenylguanidine	1.69	19.95	Low
Bis(piperidinothiocarbonyl)	2.8	16.98	Low
tetrasulfide			

Mobility in Soil: Not Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Recommended incineration or land fill as hazardous waste per Federal, State and local regulations.

React with curing agent and dispose of as hazardous waste per Federal, State and local regulations. Recommended incineration or land fill.

Empty containers and/or liners may contain material residue. Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. Dispose in accordance with all Federal, State, and local health and environmental regulations.

Never allow this material, any solutions, or any by-products, as well as any run-off, to come into contact with soil, waterways, wildlife habitats, drains, sewers, and / or the ocean. Avoid release into environment.

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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT: § 172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE

UN Number: 1845

Proper Shipping Name: Carbon Dioxide Solid (Dry Ice)

Labels: Carbon Dioxide Solid (Dry Ice)

UN Number: 1845

Proper Shipping Name: Carbon Dioxide Solid (Dry Ice)

Labels: Carbon Dioxide Solid (Dry Ice)

Hazard Class: 9 Subclass: NO

Packaging Group: III

Passenger Air Packing Instruction: 355 Passenger aircraft: 60 Liter (16 gallon) Cargo Air Packing Instruction: 366 Cargo aircraft only: 220 Liter (58 gallon)

Hazard Class: 9 Subclass: NO

Packaging Group: III

Limited Quantity: Passenger aircraft: 10 Liter (2.64 Gallons)

Cargo aircraft only: 220 Liter (58 gallon)

Vessel stowage: A

ERG: 128

NMFC 4620 sub.5-CL.60 Schedule B # 3506.91.0000 IMDG:

IATA:

UN Number: 1845

Proper Shipping Name: Carbon Dioxide Solid (Dry Ice)

Label: Carbon Dioxide Solid (Dry Ice)

Hazard Class: 9 Subclass: NO

Packaging Group: III EMS No: F, E - S, D

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus. MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Regulations Federal

chemical (s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III	Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight %	Threshold limit (Reporting Value)
and of 40 CFR 372 (SARA)	TOLUENE (Methylbenzene)	108-88-3	<3%	Unknown
	2-BUTANONE	78-93-3	<2%	unknown
	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	<70%	Unknown
	Calcium Carbonate	72608-12-9	<45%	Unknown
	Titanium Dioxide	*13463-67-7	< 10%	Unknown
	Manganese Dioxide	1313-13-9	<65%	Unknown
	Magnesium chromate	13423-61-5	<40%	Unknown
	*(DELE	TED CAS# 98084-96-	-9)	

SARA notifications must remain attached to this SDS. Any copies and /or distribution of this SDS must include all SARA notifications.

All remaining Constituents are non-hazardous per FED-STD-313 All Constituents are listed in TSCA inventory; complete mixture is excluded Per TSCA Par. 710.4 (d) 95 (6) (7) Constituents are not listed in TSCA 12b CORR. LIST

This sds is provided without any warranty expressed or implied regarding its correctness or suitability for specific situations. The conditions of handling, storage, use and disposal are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. Page 12 of 16 **US Regulations State**

<u>ulations State</u>				
California Proposition 65	TOLUENE	108-88-3	<3%	>= 1.0%
(Developmental – Female) Massachusetts	TOLUENE	108-88-3	<3%	>= 1.0%
New Jersey	TOLUENE	108-88-3	<3%	>= 1.0%
Pennsylvania	TOLUENE	108-88-3	<3%	>= 1.0%
Rhode Island	TOLUENE	108-88-3	<3%	>= 1.0%
California Proposition 65 (Developmental – Female)	2-BUTANONE	78-93-3	<2%	>= 1.0%
Massachusetts	2-BUTANONE	78-93-3	<2%	>= 1.0%
New Jersey	2-BUTANONE	78-93-3	<2%	>= 1.0%
Pennsylvania	2-BUTANONE	78-93-3	<2%	>= 1.0%
Rhode Island	2-BUTANONE	78-93-3	<2%	>= 1.0%
California Proposition 65	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	<70%	4.00/
(Developmental – Female)	; ! !	: 		>= 1.0%
Massachusetts	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	<70%	>= 1.0%
New Jersey	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	<70%	>= 1.0%
Pennsylvania	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	<70%	>= 1.0%
Rhode Island	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	<70%	>= 1.0%
California Proposition 65	Calcium Carbonate	72608-12-9	<45%	>= 1.0%
(Developmental – Female)				>= 1.070
Massachusetts	Calcium Carbonate	72608-12-9	<45%	>= 1.0%
New Jersey	Calcium Carbonate	72608-12-9	<45%	>= 1.0%
Pennsylvania	Calcium Carbonate	72608-12-9	<45%	>= 1.0%
Rhode Island	Calcium Carbonate	72608-12-9	<45%	>= 1.0%
California Proposition 65	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	<10%	>= 1.0%
(Developmental – Female)			<10%	<i>></i> − 1.U70
Massachusetts	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	<10%	>= 1.0%
New Jersey	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	<10%	>= 1.0%
Pennsylvania	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	<10%	>= 1.0%
Rhode Island	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	<10%	>= 1.0%

Continued On Next Page

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus.

MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

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Continued From Previous Page

California Proposition 65 (Developmental – Female)	MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	< 65%	>= 1.0%
Massachusetts	MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	< 65%	>= 1.0%
New Jersey	MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	< 65%	>= 1.0%
Pennsylvania	MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	<65%	>= 1.0%
Rhode Island	MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	<65%	>= 1.0%
California Proposition 65 (Developmental – Female)	MAGNESIUM CHROMATE	13423-61-5	<40%	>= 1.0%
Massachusetts	MAGNESIUM CHROMATE	13423-61-5	<40%	>= 1.0%
New Jersey	MAGNESIUM CHROMATE	13423-61-5	<40%	>= 1.0%
Pennsylvania	MAGNESIUM CHROMATE	13423-61-5	<40%	>= 1.0%
Rhode Island	MAGNESIUM CHROMATE	13423-61-5	<40%	>= 1.0%

United States: Sara 302/304 (Sara 304 RQ): Not Applicable

Information On Ingredients: None Were Found

Sara 311/312

Classification: Immediate (acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (chronic) Health Hazard

Information On Ingredients:

Polysulfide Polymer: Immediate (acute) Health Hazard

Butanone: Fire Hazard, Immediate (acute) Health Hazard

Toluene: Fire Hazard, Immediate (acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (chronic) Health Hazard

Titanium Dioxide: Delayed (chronic) Health Hazard

Manganese Dioxide: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Magnesium Chromate: Fire Hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Zeolites : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Polyphenyls, quater and higher: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Terphenyl : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus.

MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

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1,3-Diphenylguanidine: Fire Hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Bis(piperidinothiocarbonyl): Fire Hazard

tetrasulfide Immediate (acute) health hazard

Sudden Release Of Pressure: No Products

Reactivity: No Products

California Prop. 65: Warning

This product contains a chemical or chemicals known by the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Canada



Class B – Flammable
TOLUENE
2-BUTANONE



Class D - Poisonous and Infectious materials Division 2: Materials Causing Other Toxic Effects D2A TOLUENE D2B TOLUENE CAS# 108-88-3

Liquid Polysulfide Polymer CAS# N/A
Liquid Polysulfide Polymer CAS# N/A
Titanium Dioxide CAS# 13463-67-7
Calcium Carbonate CAS# 72608-12-9
2-BUTANONE CAS#78-93-3
Manganese Dioxide CAS#1313-13-9
Magnesium Chromate Cas#13423-61-5

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

Listed National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI):TOLUENE CAS:108-88-3

Calcium Carbonate CAS#72608-12-9
Liquid Polysulfide Polymer cas# N/A
Manganese Dioxide CAS#1313-13-9

Z-BUTANONE CAS#78-93-3
Titanium Dioxide CAS#13463-67-7
Magnesium Chromate Cas#13423-61-5

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HEALTH	2	
FLAMMABILITY	0	
REACTIVITY	0	

HEALTH	2	
FLAMMABILITY	0	
REACTIVITY	0	

Customer and / or end user is responsible for determining PPE.

NFPA

HMIS

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Preparer:	Flamemaster / Compliance Rev-A 6/02/2015	Revision Notes: A	Conversion to ANSI format
	Supersedes (conversion)		
Containers:	plastic jars, metal cans cartridge kits		

Limited Quantity See SDS Section 14

Maximum container size 50 Gallons / 190 Liters

Notice to reader:

This SDS is provided without any warranty expressed or implied regarding its correctness or suitability for specific situations. The conditions of handling, storage, use and disposal are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge.

In all cases, the user must determine the applicability of all information and recommendations contained herein as well as the suitability of this product for their own particular needs or purposes.

This product may be hazardous and should always be used with care and discretion. Every effort has been made to describe all known hazards, but this in no way guarantees the above mentioned hazards are the only hazards present.

Flamemaster Corporation, its Affiliates and its Agents, shall in no way be held liable for any damages resulting from handling, using, storing, disposing of, or from contact with this product. User assumes all risk.

End of Safety Data Sheet

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