

SAFETY DATA SHEET MAY 2016

File: CS5500 GSA 07-10 High Temperature Fuel Tank Sealant /Pre-Mixed & Frozen

Pacoima, CA 91331 - USA

Section -1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICA	ATION
1.1. Product Identifier: CS-5500 High Temperature Fuel	Tank Sealant-Pre-mixed and Frozen CLB ALL
- Product Name: High Temperature Fuel Tank Sealant /	Premixed and Frozen CLB ALL
- Product reference: CS-5500-Premixed and Frozen CLB	3 ALL
1.2. Product Use:	
- High Temperature Fuel Tank Sealant Pre-Mixed and F	rozen
1.3. Manufacturer's Name:	1.3.1 Suppliers Name (if not manufacturer)
CAGE Code: 14439	
Flamemaster Corp.	
Chem Seal Division	
13576 Desmond Street	
Pacoima, CA 91333 – USA	
Technical Contact:	1.4. Emergency Telephone:
Flamemaster Corp.	Chemtrec – Chemtrec International
Tel : 818-890-1401	800-424-9300 (North America)
Fax: 818-890-6001	703-527-3887 (Outside North America))
<u>www.flamemaster.com</u>	
Specification: MIL-S-83430/AMS3276/FMS1044/FN	MS3055 Pre-Mixed and Frozen CLASS B ALL

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus.

MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

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OSHA/HCS STATUS: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

CLASSIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE:

ASPIRATION HAZARD - (CATEGORY 1)

ACUTE TOXICITY, INHALATION (CATEGORY 4) - H332

ACUTE TOXICITY, ORAL (CATEGORY 4) - H302

SKIN SENSITIZATION 1, H317

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (FERTILITY) 2, H361f

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (UNBORN CHILD) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-SINGLE EXPOSURE-(CATEGORY 2)

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

AQUATIC CHRONIC - CATEGORY 4

GHS LABEL REQUIREMENTS HAZARD PICTOGRAMS





SIGNAL WORD: DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

SUSPECTED OF DAMAGING FERTILITY - H361f

HARMFUL BY INHALATION AND / OR SWALLOWING - (H302+H332)

MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION - H317

CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION - (H319)

CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION - (H315)

SUSPECTED OF DAMAGING THE UNBORN CHILD - (H361d)

SUSPECTED OF CAUSING CANCER - (H351)

MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ORGANS - (H371)

MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ORGANS THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE - (H373)

MAY CAUSE LONG LASTING HARMFUL EFFECTS TO AQUATIC LIFE - (H413)

MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED AND ENTERS AIRWAYS - (H304)

MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

- P101+P102+P103: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children.
- Read label before use
- P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames and hot surfaces-No Smoking
- P240:Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
- P261+P262+P263+P264:Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P270+P271+P273: Do not eat drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment.
- P281+P280: Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/face protection
- P301+P310+P331: If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do not induce vomiting.
- P305+P351+P338+P315: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice attention.
- P304+P340+P314: If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell
- P342+P340+P315: If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
- P302+P352: If on skin (or in hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs seek medical attention
- P306+P361: If on clothing: Remove/ take off immediately all contaminated clothing
- P402+P403+P404: Store in a dry place. Store in a well ventilated space. Store in a closed container.
- P233+P234+P235: Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in original container. Keep cool.

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SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL ELEMENTS:

Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of concentrations above recommended limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and could lead to unconsciousness or possibly death.

1-component mixtures: formaldehyde is released during the curing phase. Formaldehyde may cause irreversible effects, is irritating to the mucous membranes and may cause the skin to become sensitized.

Avoid any contact with skin or clothing and wash thoroughly after handling.

Emits toxic fumes when heated.

HAZARDS NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may dry skin and / or cause skin irritation.

Sanding and grinding dust may be harmful if inhaled. Sanding and grinding dust may form combustible concentrations in air. In the event of sanding, grinding, or abrading:

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus. MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

Section -3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical family: Mixture of organic compounds

For the hazards of the composition, (SDS see Section 2).

GHS CLASSIFICATION:LIQUID POLYSULFIDE POLYMER // OSHA HAZARDS: TARGET ORGAN EFFECT,IRRITANT

Cas# N/A

EC# N/A

Weight % <=71%

EYE IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2)

SKIN IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2)

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-SINGLE EXPOSURE-(CATEGORY 3)

AQUATIC, CHRONIC (CATEGORY 3)

GHS CLASSIFICATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS): TOLUENE

Cas# 108-88-3

EC#203-625-9

Weight % <=15%

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS (CATEGORY 2),H225

SKIN IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2), H315

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (CATEGORY 2), H361

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-SINGLE EXPOSURE-(CATEGORY 3), CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, H336

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-REPEATED EXPOSURE (CATEGORY 2), H373

ASPIRATION HAZARD (CATEGORY 1), H304

ACUTE AQUATIC TOXICITY (CATEGORY 2),H401

GHS CLASSIFICATION:LIQUID POLYSULFIDE POLYMER // OSHA HAZARDS: TARGET ORGAN EFFECT,IRRITANT

Cas# N/A

EC# N/A

Weight % <=71%

EYE IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2)

SKIN IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2)

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-SINGLE EXPOSURE-(CATEGORY 3)

AQUATIC, CHRONIC (CATEGORY 3)

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CALCIUM CARBONATE:

GHS CLASSIFICATION: CALCIUM CARBONATE

EYE DAMAGE (CATEGORY 1)
SKIN IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2)

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-SINGLE EXPOSURE-(CATEGORY 3)

PHENOLIC FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER: HAZARD INFORMATION

Cas# N/A EC# N/A Weight % <=5%

PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL HAZARDS: CORROSIVE

HUMAN HEALTH HAZARDS: HARMFUL BY INHALATION, CORROSIVE TO THE EYES AND SKIN

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS

GHS CLASSIFICATION: PHENOLIC RESIN
ACUTE TOXICITY,ORAL (CATEGORY 4)
ACUTE TOXICITY,DERMAL (CATEGORY 4)
SKIN CORROSIVE (CATEGORY 1B)
EYE IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2)
SKIN IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2)
EYE DAMAGE (CATEGORY1)
AQUATIC CHRONIC (CATEGORY 2)

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

OSHA HAZARDS: CARCINOGEN

GHS CLASSIFICATION: TITANIUM DIOXIDE

SKIN IRRITATION: (CATEGORY 3) CARCINOGENICITY (CATEGORY 2)

CHEMICAL NAME: MANGANESE DIOXIDE CAS# 1313-13-9 EC# 215-202-6 <50% by weight

OSHA HAZARDS: TARGET ORGAN EFFECT, TOXIC BY INHALATION

TARGET ORGANS: NERVES, LUNGS

GHS CLASSIFICATION:

ACUTE TOXICITY, ORAL (CATEGORY 4) - H302

ACUTE TOXICITY, INHALATION (CATEGORY 4) - H332

CHEMICAL NAME: TERPHENYL, HYDROGENATED CAS# 61788-32-7 EC# 262-967-7 <50% by weight

AQUATIC CHRONIC (CATEGORY 4) - H413

CHEMICAL NAME: ZEOLITESCAS#1318-02-1

EC# 215-283-8 <10% by weight

NOT CLASSIFIED

CHEMICAL NAME: TALCCAS# 14807-96-6
EC# 238-877-9
<5% by weight

NOT CLASSIFIED

CHEMICAL NAME: CARBON BLACK CAS# 1333-86-4 EC# 215-609-9 <3% by weight

NOT CLASSIFIED

CHEMICAL NAME: TERPHENYLCAS# 26140-60-3

EC# 247-477-3

<2% by weight

AQUATIC ACUTE (CATEGORY 1) - H400 AQUATIC CHRONIC (CATEGORY 1) - H410

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CHEMICAL NAME: 1,3 DIPHENYLGUANIDINE

CAS# 102-06-7

EC# 203-002-1

<3% by weight

ACUTE TOXICITY (CATEGORY 4) - H302 SKIN IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2) - H315 EYE IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2) - H319 REPRODUCTIVE (CATEGORY 2) - H361f (FERTILITY) STOT-SINGLE EXPOSURE (CATEGORY 3) - H335

CHEMICAL NAME: BIS(PIPERIDINOTHIOCARBONYL) TETRASULFIDE CAS# 120-54-7 EC# 204-406-0 <3% by weight

SKIN SENSITIVITY (CATEGORY 1) - H317

AQUATIC CHRONIC (CATEGORY 2) - H411

CHEMICAL NAME: POLYPHENYL, QUATER AND HIGHER CAS# 68956-74-1 <10% by weight

MAGNESIUM CARBONATE CAS# 546-93-0 <10% by weight

Section -4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General: When in doubt or symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air, if breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration. Give nothing by mouth, seek immediate medical attention.

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Irrigate with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleaners. Do NOT use aromatic solvents, thinners or petroleum products.

Ingestion: If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

May be fatal if swallowed or vomited and enters lungs and/or airways. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Section -5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing agents

Recommended: Universal resistant foam, CO2, water, powder.

Agents to avoid: None known

Attention

Promptly remove all persons in the event of a fire from the fire area. If safe to do so, remove all containers from fire area as well.

Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a Health Hazard. Fire fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible auto-ignition and explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Do not weld, flame cut or expose to extreme heat or ignition sources, empty containers which have contained flammable products.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Never allow this material, any solutions, or any by-products, as well as any run-off, to come into contact with soil, waterways, wildlife habitats, drains, sewers, and / or the ocean. Avoid release into environment.

In case of inhalation of decomposition products released in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Exposed persons may need to be kept under medical surveillance for at least 48 hours.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS INCLUDE: CARBON DIOXIDE, CARBON MONOXIDE, HALOGENATED COMPOUNDS, AND METAL OXIDE / OXIDES, FORMALDEHYDE, NITROGEN OXIDES, SULFUR OXIDES.

Oxides of Carbon, Nitrogen, Sulfur Dioxide, Trace Hydrogen Sulfide, Manganese Compounds

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Section -6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Eliminate sources of ignition, ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapors by using appropriate respiratory protective equipment. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 & 8.

Collect spill with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in a suitable container for disposal in accordance with local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Clean-up with a detergent/ water mix; avoid use of aromatic solvents. If the product enters drains or watercourses, inform authority with jurisdiction in accordance with state / local regulations.

Never allow this material, any solutions, or any by-products, as well as any run-off, to come into contact with soil, waterways, wildlife habitats, drains, sewers, and / or the ocean. Avoid release into environment.

Section -7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Handling:

No smoking, eating and drinking during handling.

Avoid exposure during pregnancy/while nursing.

Keep containers tightly closed. Prior to movement containers which are opened should be carefully resealed.

Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation in case of exposure to vapor and spray mist.

Handle and open containers with care to avoid spilling of contents. Never use pressure to empty; container is not a pressure vessel. Clean or discard contaminated clothing and shoes.

Preparation may charge electrostatically; always use grounding/ bonding/ earthing leads when transferring contents of containers. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors should be electrically conductive.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapor in air, and avoid vapor concentration higher than the Occupational Exposure Limits.

Use in areas from which local sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment including lighting should be protected to the appropriate standard. Isolate from sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Non-sparking tools are recommended.

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7.2 Storage:

Observe label precautions. Store between 32/F and 95/F (0/C and 35/C) in a dry, clean and well ventilated place, away from sources of heat, ignition, and direct sunlight. For flash points below 23 °C store in an area constructed to the appropriate standard

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus. MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Engineering measures:

Avoid the inhalation of vapors, spray mist and particulates. Achieve by local exhaust ventilation providing good general extraction as to keep air-borne concentration below the Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL).

If local / area ventilation is not sufficient to comply with OEL, suitable (NIOSH) respiratory protection to be provided. Always provide suitable (NIOSH) respiratory protection when sanding, grinding or otherwise abrading cured material.

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8.2 Exposure limits

Work place exposure	limits	(8 hour)
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Substance	OSHA	ACGIH TWA
ALIPHATIC POLYSULFIDE-POLYMER *	Not known	Not known
TOLUENE (Methylbenzene)*	200 ppm	20 ppm
ALIPHATIC POLYSULFIDE-POLYMER *	Not known	Not known
PHENOLIC FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER *	N/E	N/E
CALCIUM CARBONATE *	5 mg/m³ (RESPIRABLE FRACTION)	3 mg/m³ (RESPIRABLE FRACTION)
CALCIUM CARBONATE *	15mg/m³ (TOTAL DUST)	10 mg/m³ (TOTAL DUST)
TITANIUM DIOXIDE *	15mg/m³ (TOTAL DUST)	10 mg/m³ (TOTAL DUST)
Substance	A	CGIH TLV
Manganese Dioxide *	TWA: 0.1mg/m³ (as Mn)	8 hours (Inhalable Fraction)
	TWA: 0.02mg/m³ (as Mn) 8	hours (Respirable Fraction)
Zoolitos *	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours	Jacobirable Fraction)
Zeolites *	TWA: 1mg/m³ 8 hours (F	Respirable Fraction)
	3, ,	,
Talc *	TWA: 2mg/m ³ 8 hours (F	Respirable Fraction)
Carbon Black *	TWA: 3mg/m³ 8 hours (nhalable Fraction)
Terphenyl *	C: 5mg/m³	
	C: 0.53 ppm	
MAGNESIUM CARBONATE *	TWA: 5mg/m³ (Respirab	le Fraction)
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours	(Total Dust)
* can be absorbed through skir	n	

8.3 Personal protection

All Personal Protective Equipment, including Respiratory Protection, used to control exposure to hazardous substances must be selected to meet the requirements of OSHA Regulations.

Respiratory protection:

Appropriate respiratory protection equipment should be selected according to the type of contaminants, following regulatory (OSHA / NIOSH) and manufacturers instructions including proper fitting of devices.

Hand protection:

For prolonged or repeated contact, recommend gloves type: polyvinyl alcohol, nitrile rubber, latex rubber (some people may exhibit sensitivity to Latex). Barrier creams may help to protect exposed areas of the skin. However, they should not be applied post exposure.

Eve protection:

Use safety glasses with side shields to protect against splashes. Face shields may also be worn.

Skin protection:

Protective clothing made of antistatic and fire resistant fibers. All parts of the body should be washed after contact. Use good hygiene and industrial practices, keep working clothes clean.

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Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus. MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

• Physical state at: 68 º F (20 º C) SOLID

• Flash point: 200 ° F (16.67 ° C) Method: TCC

Specific gravity:N/A

• Vapor Density: N/A

Lower Explosive Limit (% vol.): N/A
Upper Explosive Limit '(% vol.): N/A

• Miscibility in water at 20 º C: Negligible

• VOC : N/A

• Ph : N/A

• Volatile by Volume %: N/A

• Vapor pressure at: 68 º F (20 º C) N/A

• Color: Dark Grey to Black

• Appearance: Paste

Odor: Polysulfide Odor

• Boiling Point: N/A

• Material Supports Combustion : Yes

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see SDS section 7). In case of combustion, may produce hazardous decomposition products such as :

• Carbon Monoxide

• Halogenated Compounds

Sulfur Oxides

• Oxides of Carbon, Nitrogen, Sulfur Dioxide, Trace Hydrogen Sulfide

• Carbon Dioxide

Metal Oxide / Oxides

Formaldehyde

• Manganese Compounds

In case of inhalation of decomposition products released in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Exposed persons may need to be kept under medical surveillance for at least 48 hours.

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There are no data available on the preparation itself. See (SDS Sections 3 and 15) for details.

Exposure to component solvents vapors at concentrations in excess of the stated Occupational Exposure Limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms and signs of overexposure include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations, and in extreme cases loss of consciousness Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause Defatting of the skin resulting in non-allergic dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

The liquid splashed in the eyes causes serious eye irritation and damage.

Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. Ingestion causes reduced fetal weight, increased fetal deaths and skeletal malformations

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ACUTE TOXICITY:

PRODUCT:	RESULT	SPECIES	DOSE	EXPOSURE
Calcium Carbonate	LD50 ORAL	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 Hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8000 ppm	4 Hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 ORAL	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Titanium Dioxide	LD50 ORAL	Rat	>10g/kg	-
PRODUCT:	RESULT	SPECIES	DOSE	EXPOSURE
Manganese Dioxide	LD50 ORAL	Rat	3478 mg/kg	-
Terphenyl, Hydrogenated	LD50 ORAL	Rat	17500 mg/kg	-
Zeolites	LD50 ORAL	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Carbon Black	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400mg/kg	-
Terphenyl	LD50 Oral	Rat	>1400 mg/kg	-
1, 3-Diphenylguanidine	LD50 Oral	Rat	323mg/kg	-
Magnesium Carbonate	LD50 Oral	Rat	8000mg/kg	

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MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Suspected of causing cancer. Risk depends on level and duration of exposure. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

CARCINOGENICITY:

INGREDIENT	IARC	OSHA	NTP
TOLUENE :	3	-	-
TITANIUM DIOXIDE:	2B	-	-
Zeolites	3	-	-
Carbon Black, Respirable	2B	-	-
Powder			

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-STOT (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

LIQUID POLYMER - CATEGORY 3
LIQUID POLYMER - CATEGORY 3
TOLUENE - CATEGORY 3
LIQUID POLYMER - CATEGORY 3
1,3-Diphenylguanidine - (Category 3)
Zeolites - (Category 3)
Talc - (Category 3)

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SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY-STOT (REPEATED EXPOSURE)

TOLUENE - CATEGORY 2

Manganese Dioxide - (Category 2)

TARGET ORGANS: BRAIN, BLOOD, KIDNEYS, LUNGS, REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM, LIVER, HEART, PERIPHERAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT, UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT, SKIN, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, EYE, LENS AND/OR CORNEA.

ASPIRATION HAZARD:

TOLUENE - CATEGORY 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - (CATEGORY 1)

May Be Fatal if Swallowed and Enters Airways

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There is no data available on the preparation itself. Do not allow the product to enter drains or water ways. See (SDS Sections 3 and 15)

Never allow this material, any solutions, or any by-products, as well as any run-off, to come into contact with soil, waterways, wildlife habitats, drains, sewers, and / or the ocean. Avoid release into environment.

Empty containers and/or liners may contain material residue. Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. Dispose in accordance with all Federal, State, and local health and environmental regulations.

Toxicity:

Product / Ingredient	Result	Species	Exposure	
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50>100mg/l Fresh Water	Daphnia	48 Hours	

Persistance and Degradability:

Product / Ingredient	Aquatic Half Life	Photolysis		Biodegradability	
Toluene	-	-		Readily	
Diagona valetivo Detential					
Bioaccumulative Potential :					
Product / Ingredient	LogP(ow)		BCF	Potential	
Toluene	2.73		8.32	low	
1,3 Diphenylguanidine	1.69		19.95	Low	
Bis(piperidinothiocarbonyl) tetrasulfide	2.8		16.98	Low	

Mobility in Soil: Not Available

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Recommended incineration or land fill as hazardous waste per Federal, State and local regulations.

React with curing agent and dispose of as hazardous waste per Federal, State and local regulations. Recommended incineration or land fill.

Empty containers and/or liners may contain material residue. Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. Dispose in accordance with all Federal, State, and local health and environmental regulations.

Never allow this material, any solutions, or any by-products, as well as any run-off, to come into contact with soil, waterways, wildlife habitats, drains, sewers, and / or the ocean. Avoid release into environment.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels: Carbon Dioxide Solid (Dry Ice)

DOT: § 172.101 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE IATA:

UN Number: 1845UN Number: 1845

Proper Shipping Name: Carbon Dioxide Solid (Dry Ice) Proper Shipping Name: Carbon Dioxide Solid (Dry Ice)

Labels: Carbon Dioxide Solid (Dry Ice) Hazard Class: 9 Subclass: NO

Packaging Group: III

Passenger Air Packing Instruction: 355
Passenger aircraft: 60 Liter (16 gallon)
Cargo Air Packing Instruction: 366
Cargo aircraft only: 220 Liter (58 gallon)

Hazard Class: 9 Subclass: NO IMDG:

Packaging Group: III UN Number: 1845

Limited Quantity: Passenger aircraft: 10 Liter (2.64 Gallons)

Proper Shipping Name: Carbon Dioxide Solid (Dry Ice)

Cargo aircraft only: 220 Liter (58 gallon)

Label: Carbon Dioxide Solid (Dry Ice)

Vessel stowage: A

Hazard Class: 9 Subclass: NO

ERG: 128 Packaging Group: III

NMFC 4620 sub.5-CL.60 EMS No: F, E – S, D Schedule B # 3506.91.0000

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus. MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Regulations Federal				
chemical (s) subject to the reporting	Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight %	Threshold limit
requirements of section 313 of Title III				(Reporting Value)
and of 40 CFR 372 (SARA)			į	i ! !
	TOLUENE	108-88-3	<=15%	unknown
 	(Methylbenzene)		<u> </u>	! ! !
	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	50%-71%	unknown
<u> </u>	 		+	i
	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	50%-71%	unknown
	PHENOLIC POLYMER	N/A	<5%	unknown
	Calcium Carbonate	72608-12-9	<35%	unknown
	Titanium Dioxide	*13463-67-7	< 3%	unknown
	Manganese Dioxide	1313-13-9	<65%	unknown
	*(DELE			

SARA notifications must remain attached to this SDS. Any copies and /or distribution of this SDS must include all SARA notifications.

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All remaining Constituents are non-hazardous per FED-STD-313 All Constituents are listed in TSCA inventory; complete mixture is excluded Per TSCA Par. 710.4 (d) 95 (6) (7) Constituents are not listed in TSCA 12b CORR. LIST

SARA 311/312

Classification: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition of Ingredients:

Polysulfide Polymer: Immediate (acute) Health Hazard

Polysulfide Polymer: Immediate (acute) Health Hazard

Toluene: Fire Hazard, Immediate (acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (chronic) Health Hazard

Phenolic Formaldehyde Polymer: Immediate (acute) Health Hazard

Titanium Dioxide: Delayed (chronic) Health Hazard

Manganese Dioxide: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Zeolites : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Polyphenyls, quater and higher: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Talc : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Carbon Black : Fire Hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Terphenyl : Immediate (acute) health hazard

1,3-Diphenylguanidine : Fire Hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Bis(piperidinothiocarbonyl): Fire Hazard

tetrasulfide Immediate (acute) health hazard

Sudden Release Of Pressure: No Products

Reactivity: No Products

United States: Sara 302/304 (Sara 304 RQ): Not Applicable

Information On Ingredients: None Were Found

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US Regulations State

Regulations State					
California Proposition 65	TOLUENE	108-88-3	<= 15%	>= 1.0%	
(Developmental – Female)					
Massachusetts	TOLUENE	108-88-3	<=15%	>= 1.0%	
New Jersey	TOLUENE	108-88-3	<=15%	>= 1.0%	
Pennsylvania	TOLUENE	108-88-3	<=15%	>= 1.0%	
Rhode Island	TOLUENE	108-88-3	<=15%	>= 1.0%	
California Proposition 65	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	50%-71%	>= 1.0%	
(Developmental – Female)	LIQUID POLYMER		50%-71%	! ! !	
Massachusetts	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	50%-71%	>= 1.0%	
New Jersey	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	50%-71%	>= 1.0%	
Pennsylvania	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	50%-71%	>= 1.0%	
Rhode Island	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	50%-71%	>= 1.0%	
California Proposition 65	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	50%-71%	>= 1.0%	
(Developmental – Female)	LIQUID POLYMER		50%-71%	1.070	
Massachusetts	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	50%-71%	>= 1.0%	
New Jersey	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	50%-71%	>= 1.0%	
Pennsylvania	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	50%-71%	>= 1.0%	
Rhode Island	LIQUID POLYMER	N/A	50%-71%	>= 1.0%	
California Proposition 65		,		T	
(Developmental – Female)	PHENOLIC POLYMER	N/A	<5%	>= 1.0%	
Massachusetts	PHENOLIC POLYMER	N/A	<5%	>= 1.0%	
New Jersey	PHENOLIC POLYMER	N/A	<5%	>= 1.0%	
Pennsylvania	PHENOLIC POLYMER	N/A	<5%	>= 1.0%	
Rhode Island	PHENOLIC POLYMER	N/A	<5%	>= 1.0%	
California Proposition 65	Calcium Carbonate	72608-12-9	<35%	>= 1.00/	
(Developmental – Female)				>= 1.0%	
Massachusetts	Calcium Carbonate	72608-12-9	<35%	>= 1.0%	
New Jersey	Calcium Carbonate	72608-12-9	<35%	>= 1.0%	
Pennsylvania	Calcium Carbonate	72608-12-9	<35%	>= 1.0%	
Rhode Island	Calcium Carbonate	72608-12-9	<35%	>= 1.0%	
California Proposition 65	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	<3%	>= 1.0%	
(Developmental – Female)			i !	/- 1.U%	
Massachusetts	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	<3%	>= 1.0%	
New Jersey	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	<3%	>= 1.0%	
Pennsylvania	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	<3%	>= 1.0%	
Rhode Island	Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	<3%	>= 1.0%	

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California Proposition 65	MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	< 65%	>=1.0%
(Developmental – Female)				
Massachusetts	MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	< 65%	>=1.0%
New Jersey	MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	< 65%	>=1.0%
Pennsylvania	MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	<65%	>=1.0%
Rhode Island	MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	<65%	>=1.0%

California Prop. 65: Warning

This product contains a chemical or chemicals known by the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus. MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

Canada



Class B – Flammable TOLUENE



Class D - Poisonous and Infectious materials Division 2: Materials Causing Other Toxic Effects D2A TOLUENE D2B TOLUENE

Liquid Polysulfide Polymer CAS# N/A Liquid Polysulfide Polymer CAS# N/A PHENOLIC RESIN CAS# N/A Calcium Carbonate CAS# 72608-12-9 Titanium Dioxide CAS# 13463-67-7 Manganese Dioxide CAS# 1313-13-9

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

Listed National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI):TOLUENE CAS:108-88-3

Liquid Polysulfide Polymer cas#N/A

Liquid Polysulfide Polymer cas#N/A PHENOLIC FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER CAS# N/A

Calcium Carbonate CAS#72608-12-9 Titanium Dioxide CAS#13463-67-7

Manganese Dioxide CAS# 1313-13-9

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HEALTH	3	HEALTH
FLAMMABILITY	1	FLAMMABILITY
REACTIVITY	0	REACTIVITY

Customer and / or end user is responsible for determining PPE

NFPA HMIS

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Vapors are heavier than air and will collect at low points. Dry ice releases Carbon Dioxide and poses serious suffocation hazard. In confined areas or areas without proper ventilation wear self contained breathing apparatus.

MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR OTHER INJURY

Preparer:

Flamemaster / Compliance
Rev-A 4/02/2015
Supersedes (conversion)

Containers:

Preparer:

Revision Notes: A

Conversion to ANSI format

Revision Notes: A

Conversion to ANSI format

Conversion to ANSI format

Conversion to ANSI format

Revision Notes: A

Conversion to ANSI format

Conversion to ANSI format

Limited Quantity See SDS Section 14

Maximum container size 50 Gallons / 190 Liters

Notice to reader:

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In all cases, the user must determine the applicability of all information and recommendations contained herein as well as the suitability of this product for their own particular needs or purposes.

This product may be hazardous and should always be used with care and discretion. Every effort has been made to describe all known hazards, but this in no way guarantees the above mentioned hazards are the only hazards present.

Flamemaster Corporation, its Affiliates and its Agents, shall in no way be held liable for any damages resulting from handling, using, storing, disposing of, or from contact with this product. User assumes all risk.

End of Safety Data Sheet

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